



AKADEMIA EDUKACYJNO - INŻYNIERSKA

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MATURA STUDIA PRAKTYKA STAŻ PRACA BIZNES PRZEMYSŁ STEAM

KOMPLEKSOWE WSPARCIE EDUKACYJNE ON – LINE NA KAŻDYM ETAPIE KSZTAŁCENIA INŻYNIERSKIEGO

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MECHANIKA I

"UKŁADY STATYCZNIE WYZNACZALNE"

PROJEKT

Oblicz:

- siłę w ciągu
- kąt odchylenia

dla układu brył sztywnych płaskiego ustroju nośnego.

DANE:

$a, \beta, m, g, Q = OK$

SZUKAM:

$S_1, S_2 = ?$

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$$m = 100 \text{ (kg)}$$

$$a = 0.6 \text{ (m)}$$

$$g = 9.81 \text{ (m/s}^2\text{)} \approx 10 \text{ (m/s}^2\text{)}$$

$$Q = 3 \text{ (kN)}$$

$$\beta = 45^\circ$$

$$S_1, S_2 = ?$$

$$\frac{Q_x}{Q} = \sin \beta \Rightarrow Q_x = Q \sin \beta$$

$$\frac{Q_y}{Q} = \cos \beta \Rightarrow Q_y = Q \cos \beta$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{1.5a}{3a} = \frac{1}{2} \quad | \cdot \arcsin(\dots)$$

$$\arcsin(\sin \alpha) = \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$\alpha = \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$\alpha = 30^\circ$$

$$\sin \gamma = \frac{1.5a}{a} = \frac{3}{2} \quad | \arcsin(\dots)$$

$$\gamma = \arcsin\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)$$

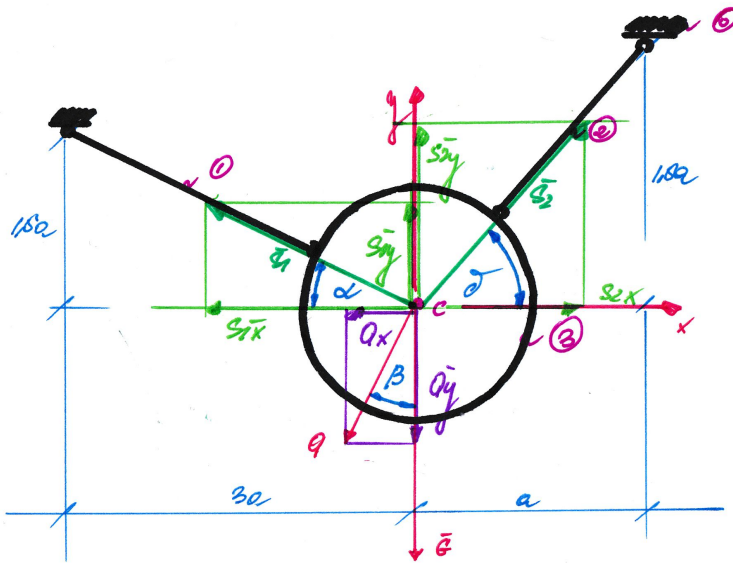
$$\gamma = 66^\circ$$

$$\frac{S_{1x}}{S_1} = \cos \alpha \Rightarrow S_{1x} = S_1 \cos \alpha$$

$$\frac{S_{1y}}{S_1} = \sin \alpha \Rightarrow S_{1y} = S_1 \sin \alpha$$

$$\frac{S_{2x}}{S_2} = \cos \gamma \Rightarrow S_{2x} = S_2 \cos \gamma$$

$$\frac{S_{2y}}{S_2} = \sin \gamma \Rightarrow S_{2y} = S_2 \sin \gamma$$



$$\sum \vec{F}_x = 0$$

$$\sum \vec{F}_y = 0$$

$$\sum \vec{F}_x = 0 \Rightarrow S_{2x} - S_{1x} - Q_x = 0$$

$$\sum \vec{F}_y = 0 \Rightarrow S_{2y} + S_{1y} - Q_y - G = 0$$

$$1) \begin{cases} s_2 x - s_1 x - Q_x = 0 \\ s_2 y + s_1 y - Q_y - G = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$2) \begin{cases} s_2 \cos \alpha - s_1 \cos \alpha - Q \sin \beta = 0 \\ s_2 \sin \alpha + s_1 \sin \alpha - Q \cos \beta - mg = 0 \end{cases} \quad (2?)$$

$$1) \begin{cases} s_2 \cos \alpha - s_1 \cos \alpha - Q \sin \beta = 0 \\ s_2 \sin \alpha + s_1 \sin \alpha - Q \cos \beta - mg = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$2) \begin{cases} s_2 \cos \alpha - s_1 \cos \alpha - Q \sin \beta = 0 \\ s_2 \sin \alpha + s_1 \sin \alpha - Q \cos \beta - mg = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$1) \begin{cases} s_2 \cos \alpha - s_1 \cos \alpha - Q \sin \beta = 0 \\ s_2 \sin \alpha + s_1 \sin \alpha - Q \cos \beta - mg = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$s_2 \cos \alpha = s_1 \cos \alpha + Q \sin \beta \quad | : \cos \alpha$$

$$s_2 = \frac{s_1 \cos \alpha + Q \sin \beta}{\cos \alpha}$$

$$2) \begin{cases} s_2 \cos \alpha - s_1 \cos \alpha - Q \sin \beta = 0 \\ s_2 \sin \alpha + s_1 \sin \alpha - Q \cos \beta - mg = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{s_1 \cos \alpha + Q \sin \beta}{\cos \alpha} \cdot \sin \alpha + s_1 \sin \alpha - Q \cos \beta - mg = 0$$

$$s_1 \cos \alpha \tan \alpha + Q \sin \beta \tan \alpha + s_1 \sin \alpha - Q \cos \beta - mg = 0$$

$$s_1 \sin \alpha + s_1 \cos \alpha \tan \alpha = -Q \sin \beta \tan \alpha + Q \cos \beta + mg$$

$$s_1 (\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha \tan \alpha) = -Q \sin \beta \tan \alpha + Q \cos \beta + mg$$

$$s_1 = \frac{Q (\cos \beta - \sin \beta \tan \alpha) + mg}{\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha \tan \alpha}$$

