



AKADEMIA EDUKACYJNO - INŻYNIERSKA

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MATURA STUDIA PRAKTYKA STAŻ PRACA BIZNES PRZEMYSŁ STEAM

KOMPLEKSOWE WSPARCIE EDUKACYJNE ON – LINE NA KAŻDYM ETAPIE KSZTAŁCENIA INŻYNIERSKIEGO

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MECHANIKA II

"DYNAMIKA PUNKTU MATERIALNEGO"

PROJEKT

Oblicz:

- długość odcinka
- trajektorię lotu
- prędkość liniową początkową
- prędkość liniową końcową
- energię kinetyczną końcową
- czas trwania lotu

dla układu poruszającego się motocyklisty.

DANE:

$$|AB|, \alpha, \mu, m, F, \tau_{AB} = OK$$

SZUKAM:

$$|BC|, y(x), V_A, V_C, E_{kC}, T_{BC} = ?$$

$$m, \eta, \vec{F}, |AB|, \vec{v}, \alpha$$

$$v_A, J, |BC| - ?$$

$$1) \quad \vec{L} = \vec{r} \times \vec{p}$$

$$\frac{\partial x_1}{\partial t} = \cos \alpha \Rightarrow \dot{x}_1 = \cos \alpha$$

$$\frac{\partial y_1}{\partial t} = \sin \alpha \Rightarrow \dot{y}_1 = \sin \alpha$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{L} = \vec{r} \times \vec{p} = m \sin \alpha$$

$$1) \quad m \ddot{x}_1 = \vec{F} - G \vec{x}_1 - \vec{J}$$

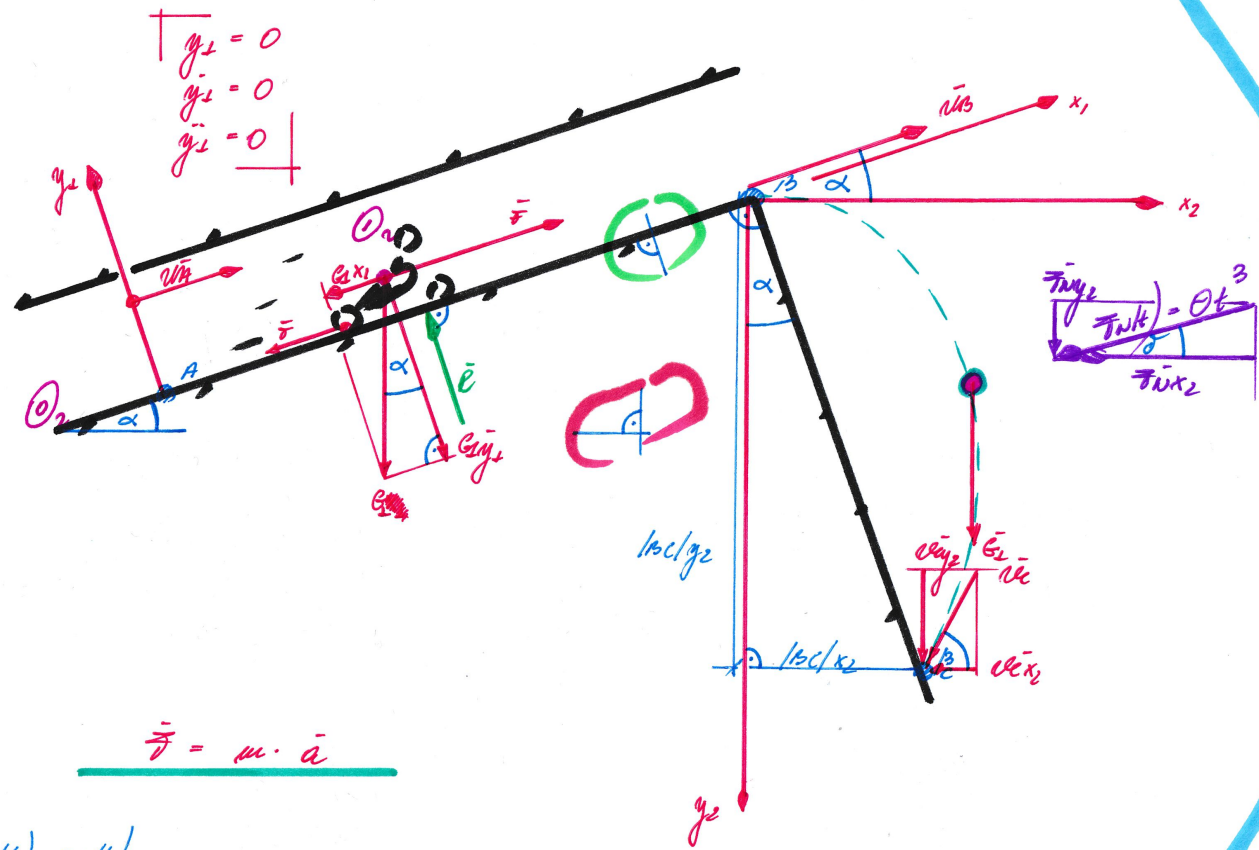
$$\eta = \frac{J}{F}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{J} = \eta \cdot \vec{L} = \eta \cdot m \sin \alpha$$

$$\ddot{x}_1 = \vec{F} - \sin \alpha - \eta \sin \alpha$$

$$\ddot{x}_1(t) = \left(\frac{F}{m} - \sin \alpha - \eta \sin \alpha \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{x}_1(t) = A$$



$$\vec{F} = m \cdot \vec{a}$$

$$1) \quad x_1(t), y_1(t)$$

$$1) \quad \ddot{x}_1 = m \cdot a_{x_1} = m \ddot{x}_1 = \vec{F} - G \vec{x}_1 - \vec{J}$$

$$2) \quad \ddot{y}_1 = m \cdot a_{y_1} = m \ddot{y}_1 = \vec{L} - G \vec{y}_1$$

$$\ddot{x}_1(t) = A$$

$$a = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$$

$$\ddot{x} = \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$v = \frac{\Delta s}{\Delta t}$$

$$\dot{x} = \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dx_1}{dt} = A \quad | \cdot dt$$

$$dx_1 = A dt \quad | \int$$

$$\int dx_1 = A \int dt$$

$$\int x^a dx = \frac{x^{a+1}}{a+1} + C$$

$$\dot{x}_1(t) = At + C_1$$

$$\frac{dx_1}{dt} = At + C_1 \quad | \cdot dt$$

$$dx_1 = At dt + C_1 dt \quad | \int$$

$$\int dx_1 = A \int t dt + C_1 \int dt$$

$$x_1(t) = \frac{1}{2} At^2 + C_1 t + C_2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{i)} \quad \ddot{x}_1(t) &= A \\ \text{ii)} \quad \dot{x}_1(t) &= At + C_1 \\ \text{iii)} \quad x_1(t) &= \frac{1}{2} At^2 + C_1 t + C_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{x}_1(t=0) = v_A$$

$$x_1(t=0) = s_A$$

$$v_A = A(0) + C_1$$

$$s_A = \frac{1}{2} A(0)^2 + C_1(0) + C_2$$

$$C_1 = v_A$$

$$C_2 = s_A$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{i)} \quad \ddot{x}_1(t) &= A \\ \text{ii)} \quad \dot{x}_1(t) &= At + v_A \\ \text{iii)} \quad x_1(t) &= \frac{1}{2} At^2 + v_A t + s_A \end{aligned}$$

$$\tilde{t} = \text{time from } t=0 \text{ to } t$$

$$\dot{x}_1(t=\tilde{t}) = v_B$$

$$x_1(t=\tilde{t}) = s_B = |AB|$$

$$v_B = A\tilde{t} + v_A$$

$$|AB| = \frac{1}{2} A\tilde{t}^2 + v_A \tilde{t}$$

$$|AB| = \frac{1}{2} A\tilde{t}^2 + v_A \tilde{t}$$

$$v_B = |AB| - \frac{1}{2} A\tilde{t}^2 / \tilde{t}$$

$$v_B = -\frac{1}{2} A\tilde{t} + \frac{|AB|}{\tilde{t}}$$

$$v_B = A\tilde{t} + v_A$$

$$v_B = A\tilde{t} - \frac{1}{2} A\tilde{t} + \frac{|AB|}{\tilde{t}}$$

$$v_B = \frac{1}{2} A\tilde{t} + \frac{|AB|}{\tilde{t}}$$

$$2) \underline{x_2(t), y_2(t)}$$

$$I) \frac{1}{2} T \ddot{x}_2 = m_1 \ddot{x}_2 = 0$$

$$II) \frac{1}{2} T \ddot{y}_2 = m_1 \ddot{y}_2 = \bar{G}$$

$$I) m_1 \ddot{x}_2 = 0$$

$$I) \ddot{x}_2(t) = 0$$

$$II) \ddot{x}_2(t) = C_3$$

$$III) x_2(t) = C_3 t + C_4$$

$$I) \ddot{y}_2(t) = 0$$

$$II) \ddot{y}_2(t) = C_3$$

$$III) y_2(t) = C_3 t + C_4$$

$$I) x_2(t=0) = v_0 x_2 = v_0 \cos \alpha$$

$$II) x_2(t=0) = s_0 x_2$$

$$I) C_3 = v_0 \cos \alpha$$

$$II) C_4 = s_0 x_2$$

$$I) \ddot{x}_2(t) = 0$$

$$II) \ddot{x}_2(t) = v_0 \cos \alpha$$

$$III) x_2(t) = v_0 t \cos \alpha + s_0 x_2$$

$$T = \text{const} \text{ even } / \text{ac/}$$

$$I) x_2(t=0) = v_0 x_2$$

$$II) x_2(t=0) = 1/3 C / x_2$$

$$I) v_0 \cos \alpha = v_0 x_2$$

$$II) v_0 \sin \alpha = (1/3 C) \sin \alpha$$

3?

$$m_1 \ddot{y}_2 = \bar{G}$$

$$m_1 \ddot{y}_2 = m_1 g$$

$$I) \ddot{y}_2(t) = g$$

$$II) \ddot{y}_2(t) = g t + C_5$$

$$III) y_2(t) = \frac{1}{2} g t^2 + C_5 t + C_6$$

$$I) \ddot{y}_2(t) = g$$

$$II) \ddot{y}_2(t) = g t + C_5$$

$$III) y_2(t) = \frac{1}{2} g t^2 + C_5 t + C_6$$

$$I) y_2(t=0) = -v_0 y_2 = -v_0 \sin \alpha$$

$$II) y_2(t=0) = s_0 y_2$$

$$I) C_5 = -v_0 \sin \alpha$$

$$II) C_6 = s_0 y_2$$

$$I) \ddot{y}_2(t) = g$$

$$II) \ddot{y}_2(t) = g t - v_0 \sin \alpha$$

$$III) y_2(t) = \frac{1}{2} g t^2 - v_0 t \sin \alpha + s_0 y_2$$

$$T = \text{const} \text{ even } / \text{ac/}$$

$$I) y_2(t=0) = v_0 y_2$$

$$II) y_2(t=0) = 1/3 C / y_2$$

$$I) g \bar{v} - v_0 \sin \alpha = v_0 y_2$$

$$II) \frac{1}{2} g \bar{v}^2 - v_0 \bar{v} \sin \alpha = (1/3 C) \sin \alpha$$

3?

$$I) v_0 \cos \alpha = v_0 x_2$$

$$II) v_0 \sin \alpha = (1/3 C) \sin \alpha$$

$$I) g \bar{v} - v_0 \sin \alpha = v_0 y_2$$

$$II) \frac{1}{2} g \bar{v}^2 - v_0 \bar{v} \sin \alpha = 1/3 C \sin \alpha$$

4?

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{i)} \quad v_B \cos \alpha &= \underline{v_{cx2}} \\
 \text{ii)} \quad v_B \sin \alpha &= \underline{v_{cy2}} \quad ? \\
 \text{iii)} \quad g t - v_B \sin \alpha &= \underline{v_{cy2}} \\
 \text{iv)} \quad \frac{1}{2} g t^2 - v_B \sin \alpha &= \underline{1.8 \text{ m}} / \cos \alpha
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{ii)} \quad \underline{g = \frac{1.8 \text{ m} / \cos \alpha}{v_B \sin \alpha}}$$

$$\text{iii)} \quad \underline{\frac{1}{2} g t^2 - v_B \sin \alpha = 1.8 \text{ m} / \cos \alpha}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} g \frac{v_B^2 \sin^2 \alpha}{v_B^2 \cos^2 \alpha} \cdot 1.8 \text{ m} / \cos^2 \alpha - v_B \cdot \frac{1.8 \text{ m} / \cos \alpha}{v_B \cos \alpha} \cdot \sin \alpha = 1.8 \text{ m} / \cos \alpha$$

$$\frac{g t^2 \alpha}{2 v_B^2} \cdot 1.8 \text{ m} / \cos^2 \alpha - \sin \alpha t g \cdot 1.8 \text{ m} / \cos \alpha - 1.8 \text{ m} / \cos \alpha = 0$$

$$\underline{\frac{g t^2 \alpha}{2 v_B^2} \cdot 1.8 \text{ m} / \cos^2 \alpha + (-\sin \alpha t g - \cos \alpha) 1.8 \text{ m} / \cos \alpha = 0}$$

$$\underline{1.8 \text{ m} / \cos \alpha (\dots) = 0}$$

$$\text{i)} \quad \underline{g = \dots}$$

$$\text{ii)} \quad \underline{v_{cx2} = \dots}$$

$$\text{iii)} \quad \underline{v_{cy2} = \dots}$$

$$\underline{y_2(x_2)}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_2(t) = v_B t \cos \alpha \\ y_2(t) = \frac{1}{2} g t^2 - v_B t \sin \alpha \end{cases}$$

$$\underline{y_2(x_2) = \dots}$$

$$\underline{E_k = \frac{1}{2} m v_c^2}$$

$$\underline{v_c = v_{cx2} + v_{cy2}}$$

$$\underline{v_c = \sqrt{v_{cx2}^2 + v_{cy2}^2}}$$

$$\underline{v_c = \frac{1}{2} 1.8 \text{ m}}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_2(t - \tau_2) = \frac{1}{2} 1.8 \text{ m} \\ \dot{x}_2(t - \tau_2) = \underline{v_c} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} A \bar{v}_c^2 + v_B \bar{v}_c = \frac{1}{2} 1.8 \text{ m} \\ A \bar{v}_c + v_B = \underline{v_c} \quad ? \end{cases}$$

