



AKADEMIA EDUKACYJNO - INŻYNIERSKA

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MATURA STUDIA PRAKTYKA STAŻ PRACA BIZNES PRZEMYSŁ STEAM

KOMPLEKSOWE WSPARCIE EDUKACYJNE ON – LINE NA KAŻDYM ETAPIE KSZTAŁCENIA INŻYNIERSKIEGO

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MECHANIKA II

"DYNAMIKA PUNKTU MATERIALNEGO"

PROJEKT

Oblicz:

– siłę wiatru "W"

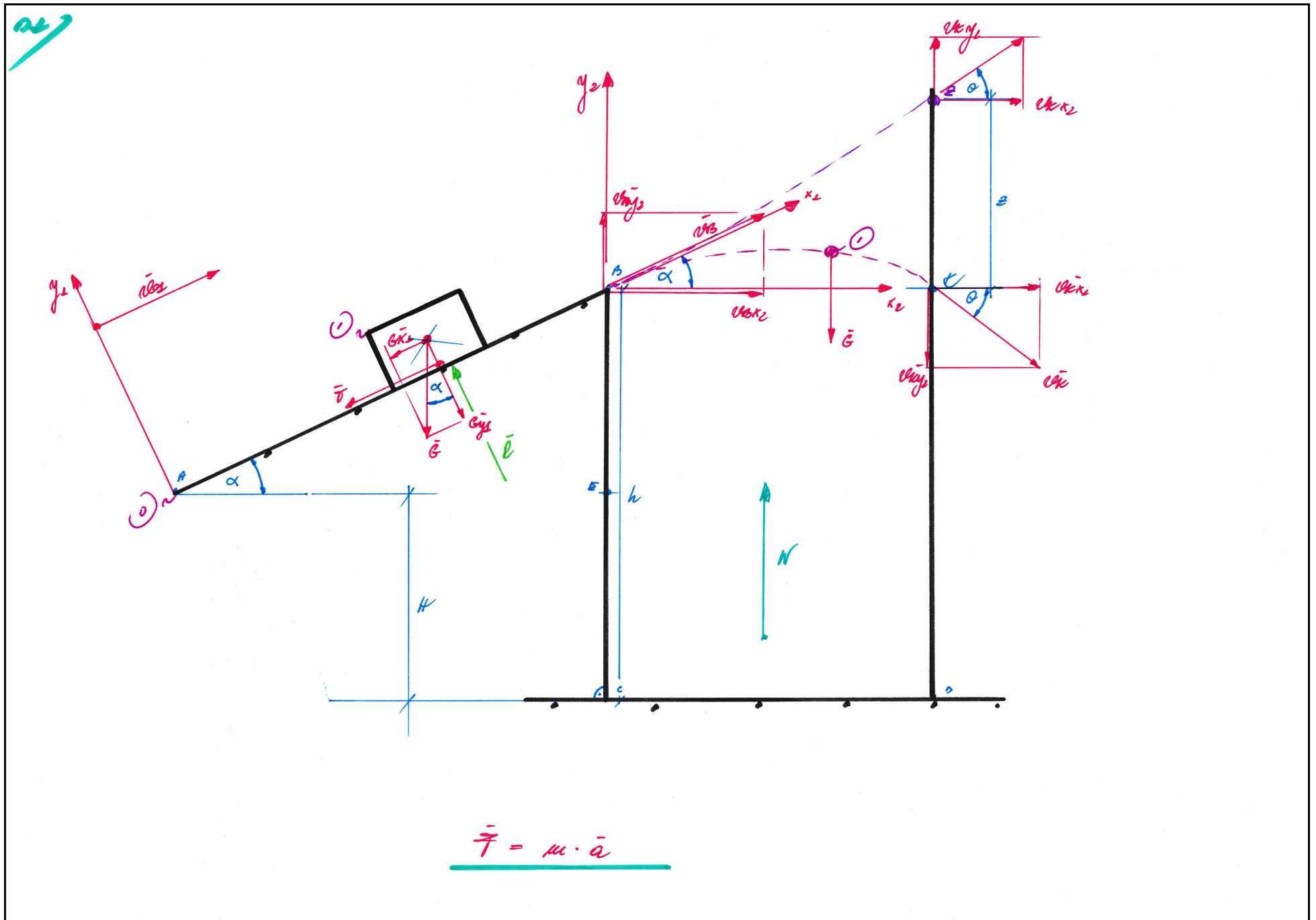
jaka musi działać na klocek, aby uderzył on w ścianę w punkcie "K" znajdującym się na wysokości punktu "B".

DANE:

$$|AB|, \alpha, \mu, m, F, \tau_{AB} = OK$$

SZUKAM:

$$|BC|, y(x), V_A, V_C, Ek_C, T_{BC} = ?$$



$x_{\perp}(t), y_{\perp}(t)$:

$\sum \vec{F}_i x_{\perp} = m \ddot{x}_{\perp} = -Gx_{\perp} - \bar{\gamma}$

$\sum \vec{F}_i y_{\perp} = m \ddot{y}_{\perp} = \bar{L} - G y_{\perp}$

$\frac{Gx_{\perp}}{G} = n \sin \alpha \Rightarrow Gx_{\perp} = mg n \sin \alpha$

$\frac{Gy_{\perp}}{G} = \cos \alpha \Rightarrow Gy_{\perp} = mg \cos \alpha$

$\gamma = \frac{\bar{\gamma}}{\bar{F}_N}$

$\Rightarrow \bar{\gamma} = \gamma \cdot \bar{F}_N = \gamma \cdot G y_{\perp} = mg \gamma \cos \alpha$

$\sum m \ddot{x}_i = -mg n \sin \alpha - mg \gamma \cos \alpha$

$\sum m \ddot{y}_i = \bar{L} - mg \gamma \cos \alpha$

$\sum m \ddot{y}_i = \bar{L} - mg \gamma \cos \alpha$

$\Rightarrow \bar{L} = mg \gamma \cos \alpha$

$m \ddot{x}_{\perp} = -mg n \sin \alpha - mg \gamma \cos \alpha \quad | : m$

$\ddot{x}_{\perp}(t) = -g(n \sin \alpha + \gamma \cos \alpha)$

$\dot{x}_{\perp}(t) = A$

$x_{\perp}(t) = At + C_1$

$x_{\perp}(t) = \frac{1}{2} At^2 + C_1 t + C_2$

$\dot{x}_{\perp}(t=0) = v_{0\perp}$

$x_{\perp}(t=0) = s_{0\perp}$

$v_{0\perp} = A(0) + C_1$

$s_{0\perp} = \frac{1}{2} A(0)^2 + C_1(0) + C_2$

$C_1 = v_{0\perp}$

$C_2 = s_{0\perp}$

$\dot{x}_{\perp}(t) = A$

$x_{\perp}(t) = At + v_{0\perp}$

$x_{\perp}(t) = \frac{1}{2} At^2 + v_{0\perp} t + s_{0\perp}$

$\tilde{t} = \text{ms } | \text{ms} |$

$\dot{x}_{\perp}(t=\tilde{t}) = v_{\text{ms}}$

$x_{\perp}(t=\tilde{t}) = s_{\text{ms}}$

$v_{\text{ms}} = A \tilde{t} + v_{0\perp}$

$s_{\text{ms}} = \frac{1}{2} A \tilde{t}^2 + v_{0\perp} \tilde{t}$

$v_{\text{ms}} = A \tilde{t} + v_{0\perp}$
 $| \text{ms} | = \frac{1}{2} A \tilde{t}^2 + v_{0\perp} \tilde{t}$ (2?)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{I)} \quad & \vec{v}_B = A\vec{v} + \vec{v}_0 \\ \text{II)} \quad & |\vec{v}_B| = \frac{1}{2}A\vec{v}^2 + |\vec{v}_0|^2 \quad (2?) \end{aligned}$$

$$A = -g(n\sin\alpha + \mu\cos\alpha)$$

$$\frac{|\vec{v}_B|}{|\vec{v}_0|} = n\sin\alpha \quad \Rightarrow \quad |\vec{v}_B| = \frac{|\vec{v}_B|}{n\sin\alpha} = \frac{h-H}{n\sin\alpha}$$

$$\text{K242)} \quad \frac{x_2(t); y_2(t)}{x_2(t); y_2(t)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{I)} \quad & \vec{F}_i x_2 = m\ddot{x}_2 = 0 \\ \text{II)} \quad & \vec{F}_i y_2 = m\ddot{y}_2 = \vec{N} - \vec{G} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{I)} \quad m\ddot{x}_2 = 0 \quad | : m$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{I)} \quad & \ddot{x}_2(t) = 0 \\ \text{II)} \quad & \dot{x}_2(t) = C_3 \\ \text{III)} \quad & x_2(t) = C_3 t + C_4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{I)} \quad & \dot{x}_2(t=0) = v_{Bx_2} \\ \text{II)} \quad & x_2(t=0) = s_{Bx_2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{I)} \quad & v_{Bx_2} = C_3 \\ \text{II)} \quad & s_{Bx_2} = C_3(0) + C_4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{I)} \quad & C_3 = v_{Bx_2} \\ \text{II)} \quad & C_4 = s_{Bx_2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{I)} \quad & \ddot{x}_2(t) = 0 \\ \text{II)} \quad & \dot{x}_2(t) = v_{Bx_2} \\ \text{III)} \quad & x_2(t) = v_{Bx_2} t + s_{Bx_2} \quad 30 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{I)} \quad & \ddot{x}_2(t) = 0 \\ \text{II)} \quad & \dot{x}_2(t) = v_{Bx_2} \cos\alpha \\ \text{III)} \quad & x_2(t) = v_{Bx_2} t \cos\alpha \end{aligned}$$

$$T = \text{max } x_2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{I)} \quad & \dot{x}_2(t=T) = v_{Bx_2} \\ \text{II)} \quad & x_2(t=T) = |v_{Bx_2}| \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{I)} \quad & v_{Bx_2} = v_B \cos\alpha \\ \text{II)} \quad & |v_{Bx_2}| = v_B T \cos\alpha \quad (2?) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{v_{Bx_2}}{v_B} = \cos\alpha \quad \Rightarrow \quad v_{Bx_2} = v_B \cos\alpha$$

$$\frac{v_{Bx_2}}{v_B} = n\sin\alpha \quad \Rightarrow \quad v_{Bx_2} = v_B n\sin\alpha$$

$$11) \ddot{y}_2 = N - mg \quad | : m$$

$$\ddot{y}_2(t) = \left(\frac{N}{m} - g \right) \times B$$

$$12) \ddot{y}_2(t) = B$$

$$13) \dot{y}_2(t) = Bt + C_5$$

$$14) y_2(t) = \frac{1}{2} B t^2 + C_5 t + C_6$$

$$15) \dot{y}_2(t=0) = v_{0y_2}$$

$$16) y_2(t=0) = s_{0y_2}$$

$$17) v_{0y_2} = B(0) + C_5$$

$$18) s_{0y_2} = \frac{1}{2} B(0)^2 + C_5(0) + C_6$$

$$19) C_5 = v_{0y_2}$$

$$20) C_6 = s_{0y_2}$$

$$21) \ddot{y}_2(t) = B$$

$$22) \dot{y}_2(t) = Bt + v_{0y_2}$$

$$23) y_2(t) = \frac{1}{2} B t^2 + v_{0y_2} t + s_{0y_2} \quad 30$$

$$24) \ddot{y}_2(t) = B$$

$$25) \dot{y}_2(t) = Bt + v_{0y_2} \sin \alpha$$

$$26) y_2(t) = \frac{1}{2} B t^2 + v_{0y_2} t \sin \alpha$$

9 - курс 100.

$$1) \dot{y}_2(t=T) = + v_{0y_2}$$

$$2) y_2(t=T) = z$$

$$3) v_{0y_2} = B T + v_{0y_2} \sin \alpha$$

$$4) z = \frac{1}{2} B T^2 + v_{0y_2} T \sin \alpha$$

(2?)

$$B = \frac{v_{0y_2}^2}{m} - g$$

1041/ 9 - курс 100.

$$1) \dot{y}_2 = Bt + v_{0y_2}$$

$$2) y_2 = \frac{1}{2} B t^2 + v_{0y_2} t$$

(2?)

$$A = -g(\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha)$$

$$1042/ = \frac{k - H}{\sin \alpha}$$

1042/ 9 - курс 100.

$$1) \dot{y}_2 = v_{0y_2} \cos \alpha$$

$$2) y_2 = v_{0y_2} t \cos \alpha$$

(2?)

$$3) \dot{y}_2 = Bt + v_{0y_2} \cos \alpha$$

$$4) z = \frac{1}{2} B T^2 + v_{0y_2} T \cos \alpha$$

$$B = \frac{v_{0y_2}^2}{m} - g$$

$$i) |AB| = \frac{1}{2} \tilde{AC}^2 + \cancel{AB} \tilde{C}?$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \tilde{AC}^2 + \cancel{AB} \tilde{C} - |AB| = 0$$

$$\Delta = \tilde{AC}^2 - 4|AB|$$

$$\Delta = \cancel{AB}^2 + 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} |AB|$$

$$\Delta = \cancel{AB}^2 + 2|AB|$$

$$\sqrt{\Delta} = \sqrt{\cancel{AB}^2 + 2|AB|}$$

$$\tilde{C}_1 = \frac{-\cancel{AB} - \sqrt{\Delta}}{A}$$

$$\tilde{C}_2 = \frac{-\cancel{AB} + \sqrt{\Delta}}{A}$$

$$i) \cancel{AB} = \tilde{AC} + \cancel{AB}$$

$$\cancel{AB} = \cancel{A} \cdot \frac{-\cancel{AB} - \sqrt{\Delta}}{\cancel{A}} + \cancel{AB}$$

$$\cancel{AB} = -\sqrt{\Delta} = -\sqrt{\cancel{AB}^2 + 2|AB|}$$

$$= -\sqrt{\cancel{AB}^2 + 2g(n \sin \alpha + y \cos \alpha) \cdot \frac{h-H}{n \sin \alpha}}$$

$$\tilde{C} = \tilde{C}_2$$

$$\cancel{AB} = + \sqrt{\cancel{AB}^2 + 2g(n \sin \alpha + y \cos \alpha) \cdot \frac{h-H}{n \sin \alpha}}$$

$$ii) \cancel{AB}_{x2} = \cancel{AB} \cos \alpha$$

$$\cancel{AB}_{x2} = \sqrt{\Delta} \cos \alpha$$

$$iii) |CD| = \cancel{AB} \tilde{C} \cos \alpha$$

$$\tilde{C} = \frac{|CD|}{\cancel{AB} \cos \alpha} = \frac{|CD|}{\sqrt{\Delta} \cos \alpha}$$

$$vi) z = \frac{1}{2} \tilde{C}^2 + \cancel{AB} \tilde{C} n \sin \alpha$$

$$B = \frac{2(z - \cancel{AB} n \sin \alpha)}{\tilde{C}^2}$$

$$\frac{N}{m} - g = \frac{2(z - \cancel{AB} n \sin \alpha)}{\tilde{C}^2}$$

$$N = \left| \frac{2(z - \cancel{AB} n \sin \alpha)}{\tilde{C}^2} + g \right| \cdot m$$

$$N = \left| \frac{2(z - \sqrt{\Delta} \cdot \frac{|CD|}{\sqrt{\Delta} \cos \alpha} \cdot n \sin \alpha)}{\left(\frac{|CD|}{\sqrt{\Delta} \cos \alpha} \right)^2} + g \right| \cdot m$$

$$N = \left[\frac{e(2 - \cos 4\alpha) \sin^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} + g \right] \cdot m =$$

$$= \left[2 \sin^2 (2 - \cos 4\alpha) \left(\frac{\cos \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} \right)^2 + g \right] \cdot m$$

